

The NOSE Sound



Features and Cues

- ✓ Raise the tongue tip up to the bump behind the top front teeth and hold it in place while allowing the air to flow out of the nose.
- ✓ Voice is turned ON for /n/.

Need More Help?

- ☞ Use the same tongue posture as /t/, /d/ or /l/. Try a sound sequence (e.g. /t-d-n/).
- ☞ Touch the nose to feel it vibrate.

Common Errors

- ✗ /t/, /d/, or /l/
- ✗ /m/
- ✗ Hyponasality (“stuffy” or “muffled” speech).

Classroom Strategies

1. Model correct speech in response to some of the student’s errors. Use emphasis and point to your mouth to highlight the corrected sound (“What do you need?”).
2. Point out the different sounds in print (e.g. “Look, ‘nose’ has your practice sound.”).
3. Create a small list of functional, key words for you and your student to practice together in their classroom routines. Write the words on a cue card or sticky note as a reminder.
 - a. Can you think of any words that you use in your daily lessons that contain /n/?
 - b. Does the student have a classmate whose name contains /n/?
 - c. Are there any weekly vocabulary or spelling words that contain /n/?
4. Offer choices for correct responding to discussion questions (e.g. “Do we cut food with a ‘mife’ or a ‘knife?”). Place emphasis on the correct sound.
5. Remember to acknowledge the student’s attempts to communicate. Show interest in what they are saying and give them extra time to respond, as needed.